# CITY OF CHERRYVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### City Council Members

H. L. Beam, Mayor Jon Abernethy Gary Freeman Malcolm Parker Jill Parker Puett

Administrative and Financial Staff
Jeff Cash, City Manager
Dixie Wall, Finance Director

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November 23, 2021

P.O. Box 2379 109 W. Third Ave. **Gastonia**. NC 28053 **704.864.8311** 704.864.1716 (FAX)

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cherryville, North Carolina

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cherryville, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Cherryville's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Cherryville ABC Board. Those statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Cherryville ABC Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Cherryville ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cherryville, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 2 – 11, the Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 65, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions on pages 61 and 62, respectively, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 63 and 64, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information

for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cherryville's basic financial statements. The introductory information, combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory information and the statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2021 on our consideration of the City of Cherryville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Cherryville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Cherryville, we offer readers of the City of Cherryville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Cherryville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

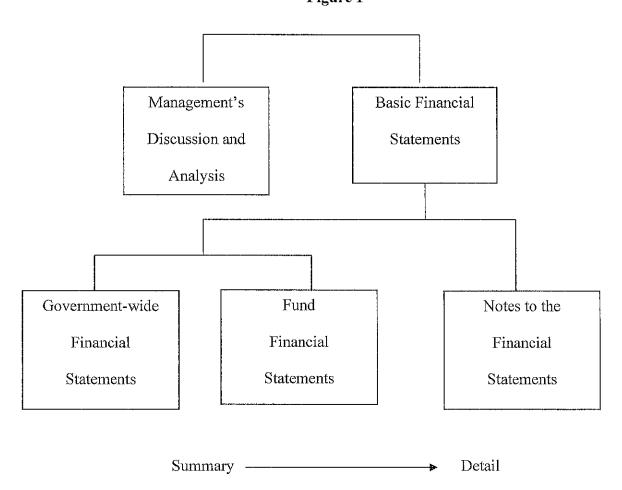
#### Financial Highlights

- The cumulative assets and deferred outflows of resources (net position) of the City of Cherryville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$20,361,170 (net position).
- The government's total net position for the fiscal year 2021 *increased* by \$4,647 due to a decrease in the governmental activities net position of (\$519,380) and an increase in the business type activities net position of \$524,027.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Cherryville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,826,565, an increase of \$3,505,402 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the fiscal year 2021, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,080,621 or 21.8 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The City of Cherryville's total installment debt was decreased by \$88,630 during the current fiscal year as a result of scheduled principal payments. The total installment debt was increased by \$145,950 with the financing of asset additions.
- The City issued \$8,700,000 in general obligation bonds during the fiscal year 2021. The bonds were split \$3,300,000 and \$5,400,000 between the governmental funds and the business type activities, respectively.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Cherryville's basic financial statements. The City of Cherryville's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City of Cherryville through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Cherryville.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report
Figure 1



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City of Cherryville government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City of Cherryville's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Cherryville

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and electric services offered by the City. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the Cherryville ABC Board is important to the City. The City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Cherryville, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Cherryville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Cherryville

The City of Cherryville adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

**Proprietary Funds** – City of Cherryville has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. City of Cherryville uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity and for its electric operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** — The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes required supplementary information concerning the City of Cherryville's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 61 of this report.

**Interdependence with Other Entities** – The City depends on financial resources flowing from or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Cherryville

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The City of Cherryville's Net Position
Figure 2

		Govern			Busines	•		****		
	,	Activ	/itie	<u>s</u>	 Activities			 To	tal	
	_	2021		2020	 2021		2020	 2021		2020
Current and other assets	\$	6,025,616	\$	2,616,859	\$ 12,011,897	\$	4,678,270	\$ 18,037,513	\$	7,295,129
Capital assets		5,314,379		5,443,029	12,406,041		13,242,114	17,720,420		18,685,143
Deferred outflows of resources		778,654		427,805	439,335		295,222	1,217,989		723,027
Total assets		12,118,649		8,487,693	24,857,273		18,215,606	 36,975,922		26,703,299
Long-term liabilities		7,448,213		3,201,930	7,267,004		1,152,793	14,715,217		4,354,723
Other liabilities		409,040		462,449	947,494		923,884	1,356,534		1,386,333
Deferred inflows of resources	-	135,324		177,862	407,677		47,858	543,001		225,720
Total liabilities		7,992,577		3,842,241	 8,622,175		2,124,535	 16,614,752		5,966,776
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets		3,871,514		4,057,484	12,341,605		13,113,242	16,213,119		17,170,726
Restricted		600,927		841,004	37,478		37,471	638,405		878,475
Unrestricted		(346,369)		(253,036)	 3,856,015		2,560,358	3,509,646		2,307,322
Total net position	\$	4,126,072	\$	4,645,452	\$ 16,235,098	\$	15,711,071	\$ 20,361,170	\$	20,356,523

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The cumulative assets and deferred outflows of the City of Cherryville exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$20,361,170 as of June 30, 2021. The City's net position *increased* by \$4,647 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, a large portion (77.94%) reflects the City's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment net of depreciation); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The City of Cherryville uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Cherryville's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position \$638,405 (3.1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$3,509,646 is unrestricted.

One aspect of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position. The City continued its diligence in collecting property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 98.74%. The statewide average in fiscal year 2019 was 98.78%.

#### City of Cherryville Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

	Govern Activ			Busines Activ		-	Tr.	otal	
	 2021	ricic	2020	 2021	riucs	2020	2021	Olza	2020
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 770,584	\$	721,292	\$ 9,548,334	\$	9,481,558	\$ 10,318,918	\$	10,202,850
Operating grants and contributions	172,910		183,019	, ,		, ,	172,910		183,019
Capital grants and contributions	22,240		1,964,190	5,000			27,240		1,964,190
General revenues:									
Property taxes	2,473,837		2,068,822				2,473,837		2,068,822
Other taxes	1,261,377		1,208,495				1,261,377		1,208,495
Other	25,772		305,781	(32,898)		10,224	(7,126)		316,005
Total revenues	 4,726,720		6,451,599	 9,520,436		9,491,782	14,247,156		15,943,381
Expenses:									
General Government	1,175,104		807,879				1,175,104		807,879
Public safety	2,413,522		3,922,979				2,413,522		3,922,979
Transportation	472,752		514,463				472,752		514,463
Economic development	179,309		244,279				179,309		244,279
Sanitation	593,387		524,780				593,387		524,780
Recreation	346,834		251,336				346,834		251,336
Cemetary	65,192		64,442				65,192		64,442
Water and sewer				2,961,682		2,890,956	2,961,682		2,890,956
Electric				6,034,727		6,170,834	6,034,727		6,170,834
Total expenses	 5,246,100		6,330,158	 8,996,409		9,061,790	14,242,509		15,391,948
Increase in net position	 (519,380)	• • •	121,441	 524,027		429,992	4,647		551,433
Net position, beginning	4,645,452		4,524,011	15,711,071		15,281,079	20,356,523		19,805,090
Net position, ending	\$ 4,126,072	\$	4,645,452	\$ 16,235,098	\$	15,711,071	\$ 20,361,170	\$ :	20,356,523

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Cherryville

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by (\$519,380). The decrease was the result of an overall increase in operating costs, specifically in the general government and public safety categories.

**Business-type activities**: Business-type activities increased the City of Cherryville's net position by \$524,027, accounting for the total growth in the government's net position and offsetting the decrease of the governmental activities.

#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Cherryville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Cherryville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Cherryville's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Cherryville. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Cherryville's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$1,080,621 while the total fund balance increased to \$5,826,565. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2021, the governmental funds of City of Cherryville reported a combined fund balance of \$5,826,565 with a net increase in fund balance of \$3,505,402, a 251.02 percent increase from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. The majority of the budget amendments made during the City's fiscal year involved budgeting for grant awards and donations given from various sources throughout the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Cherryville

**Proprietary Funds.** The City of Cherryville's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$64,100, and those for the Electric Fund amounted to \$3,791,915. The total decrease in net position for the water and sewer fund and the increase in net position for Electric Fund were (\$611,946) and \$1,135,973, respectively.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Cherryville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities (net of accumulated depreciation) as of June 30, 2021, totals \$17,720,420 (see Figure 4). These assets include buildings, infrastructure, land, machinery and equipment, vehicles and improvements to property.

There were no significant demolitions or disposals of major capital assets during fiscal year 2021. Major capital asset transactions during the year included the following:

- Additions to equipment and system for Water and Sewer capital assets of \$45,000.
- Additions to equipment and system for Electric Fund capital assets of \$46,006.
- Additions to equipment and other improvements in the General Fund of \$346,000.

# City of Cherryville's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental				Business-Type								
		Activ	vitie	S		Activ	vitie	S		To	tal		
		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Land	\$	862,700	\$	862,700	\$	102,929	\$	102,929	\$	965,629	\$	965,629	
Idle asset				50,000				100,000		-		150,000	
Buildings and systems		2,182,341		2,269,464		11,123,368		11,599,375		13,305,709		13,868,839	
Improvements other than buildings		1,271,006		1,305,059						1,271,006		1,305,059	
Machinery and equipment		850,431		786,746		1,179,744		1,439,810		2,030,175		2,226,556	
Infrastructure		147,901		169,060						147,901		169,060	
Construction in progress										_	<u> </u>		
	_\$_	5,314,379	\$	5,443,029	\$	12,406,041	\$	13,242,114	\$	17,720,420	\$	18,685,143	

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Cherryville

Additional information on the City of Cherryville's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

**Long-term Debt:** As of June 30, 2021, the City of Cherryville had total debt outstanding of \$11,104,820. Of this, \$8,700,000 is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder represents installment obligation financing debt secured by buildings, equipment and other assets.

#### City of Cherryville Outstanding Debt

Figure 5

	Govern Activ		Activities			Total				
	 2021	 2020		2021		2020		2021		2020
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,300,000	\$	\$	5,400,000	\$		\$	8,700,000	\$	
Bond premium	353,138			544,381				897,519		
Installment obligations	1,442,865	1,385,545		64,436		128,872		1,507,301		1,514,417
	\$ 5,096,003	\$ 1,385,545	\$	6,008,817	\$	128,872	\$	11,104,820	\$	1,514,417

The City of Cherryville's total financing debt obligations increased from \$1,514,417 to \$11,104,820 during the current fiscal year, an increase of \$9,950,403. The key factors in this increase were scheduled debt retirements of \$153,054 and the issuance of new debt in the form of General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds in the amount of \$8,700,000, plus bond premiums of \$897,519.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. At June 30, 2020, the City had a legal debt margin of approximately \$21,317,625.

As disclosed in the Official Statement of sale and issuance of the City's General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds, S&P Global Ratings gave the City's bonds a rating of AA-.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The State of North Carolina unemployment numbers increased from 7.5% in June 2020 to 4.6% in June 2021. Gaston County's unemployment rate decreased to 5.3% for June 2021. Cherryville's unemployment rate is also reflective of the state and County's upward trending numbers.

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Cherryville

During the COVID-19 pandemic the City has experienced revenue reductions in interest on operating bank and investment accounts. Rental revenues also decreased due to the closure of the community building to citizens for meetings/assemblies. However, sales tax revenue was expected to have a decrease but instead, the City has seen an increase even over FY 2021 budget revenues as much as 12% per month from FY 2020.

The City has been notified that it will receive approximately \$1,780,000 from the U.S. Treasury for the American Rescue Plan Act.

Due to COVID-19, the City received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES) funding in the amount of \$88,352, which was dedicated to operating a kiosk for citizens to pay utility bills contactless and to purchase PPE supplies.

The City of Cherryville has also seen an increase in commercial and residential zoning and building permits.

The following key economic indicators and initiatives positively impact the stability of the City:

- Modern Polymers, a Cherryville based company that manufactures parts for BMW and Mercedes automotive assembly facilities is one of Cherryville's largest employers.
- With several other large employers including Farris Fabricators, FleetNet, and Peak Resources, the City of Cherryville is not dependent on one large employer whose reduction would considerably influence City revenues.

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: The City tax rate remained unchanged at 0.52 cents per one hundred dollars of valuation. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase to \$5,390,774 in fiscal year 2022. This expected increase is due primarily to the cost of living and salary study adjustments and the purchase of a new street sweeper.

Business-type Activities: The City's water and sewer residential, commercial, and industrial rates will remain unchanged for customers in fiscal year 2022. Electric rates will remain constant for residential and commercial customers in fiscal year 2022.

#### **Request for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, City of Cherryville, 116 Mountain Street, Cherryville, NC 28021. You may also call 704-435-1711 or visit our website at www.cityofcherryville.com.



#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

**Primary Government** City of Business-type Cherryville ABC Governmental **Activities** Activities Total Board **ASSETS** Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,374,681 \$ 3,779,127 \$ 5,153,808 \$ 318,430 Receivables: Taxes receivables (net) 100,739 100,739 Cemetary 6,500 6,500 Utilities 55,921 55,921 Other governments 338,621 338,621 Miscellaneous 3,090 3,090 Trade 1,595,588 1 595 588 Prepaid expenses 18,427 18,427 Internal balances (179,499)179,499 Inventory of supplies, at cost 370,945 370,945 199,646 Deposits Restricted cash and cash equivalents 4,328,653 6,065,221 10,393,874 Total current assets 6,025,616 12,011,897 18,037,513 518,076 Non-current assets: Capital assets (Note 4): Land and other non-depreciable assets 862,700 102,929 965,629 77,084 Depreciable capital assets: Other capital assets, net of depreciation 4,451,679 4,451,679 60,534 Electric System 1,534,607 1,534,607 Water & sewer system 10,768,505 10,768,505 Total depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation 4,451,679 12,303,112 16,754,791 60,534 Total capital assets 5,314,379 12,406,041 17,720,420 137,618 Total assets 11,339,995 24,417,938 35,757,933 655,694 **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Pension deferrals 656,865 357,156 1,014,021 26,792 **OPEB** deferrals 121,789 82,179 203,968 Total deferred outflows of resources 778,654 439,335 1,217,989 26,792 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 98.946 559,882 658,828 140,620 Compensated absences 176,508 78,263 254,771 Emergency water loan 64,436 64,436 Accrued interest payable 18,356 13,512 31,868 Installment obligations 115,230 115,230 Payable from restricted assets 231,401 231,401 Total current liabilities 409,040 947,494 140,620 1,356,534 Long-term liabilities: 2,459,319 Other post employment obligations 1,665,974 793.345 Net pension liability 1,330,744 801,466 529,278 16,438 Installment obligations 1,327,635 1,327,635 Bonds payable 3,300,000 5,400,000 8,700,000 Bond premium 353,138 544,381 897,519 Total noncurrent liabilities 7.448.213 16,438 7,267,004 14,715,217 Total liabilities 7,857,253 8,214,498 16,071,751 157,058 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Pension deferrals 89,108 2,050 91.158 OPEB deferrals 31,185 46,216 77,401 Prepaid rent income 374,442 374,442 Total deferred inflows of resources 407,677 543,001 135,324 **NET POSITION** Net investment in capital assets 3,871,514 12,341,605 16,213,119 137,618 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 401,042 401,042 Streets 199.885 199,885 All other Working Capital 45,643

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Electric Rate Stabilization

Unrestricted

Total net position

(346,369)

\$

4,126,072

37,478

3,856,015

16,235,098

37,478

342,167

525,428

3,509,646

20,361,170

City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	•	Pro	Program Revenues		Net (Exp	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Changes in Net F	osition
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	<b>0</b>	City of Cherryville ABC
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Board
Primary government: Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$ 1,175,104	↔	€	\$ 22,240	\$ (1,152,864)	€	(1,152,864) \$	
Public safety	2,413,522				(2,413,522)		(2,413,522)	
Transportation	472,752		172,910		(299,842)		(299,842)	
Economic development	179,309				(179,309)		(179,309)	
Economic protection	593,387	684,318			90,931		90,931	
Recreation	346,834				(346,834)		(346,834)	
Cemetary	65,192	86,266			21,074		21,074	
Total governmental activities	7 0 4 0	7100	440.040	0,000	(990 090 7)		(396 986 7)	
(See Note 1)	5,246,100	7 / 0,584	1/2,910	77,740	(4,260,350)		(4,200,300)	
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	7 961 682	2 366 744				(594.938)	(594.938)	
Electric	6,034,727	7,181,590				1,146,863	1,146,863	
Total business-type activities	8,996,409	9,548,334	•			551,925	551,925	
Total primary government	\$ 14,242,509	\$ 10,318,918	\$ 172,910	\$ 22,240	(4,280,366)	551,925	(3,728,441)	
Component unit. ABC Board	\$ 1.493.077	\$ 1.527,247	₩	€9				34,170
Total component unit	\$ 1,493,077		, <del>ω</del>	· •	•	1	ı	34,170
	General revenues:	šS.						
	Taxes:		-		1000		710000	
	Property tax	Property taxes, levied for general purpose	eral purpose		2,473,837		2,473,837	
	Other taxes				1,261,377	( L	1,261,377	000
	Investment earnings	rnings			1,490	1,550	3,040	(2,498)
	Miscellaneous				24,282	(29,448)	(5,166)	
	Total gene	eral revenues			3,760,986		3,733,088	(2,498)
	Change in	Change in net position			(519,380)		4,647	31,672
	Net position, beginning	inning			4,645,452		20,356,523	493,756
	Net position, ending	ling			\$ 4,126,072	\$ 16,235,098 \$	20,361,170 \$	525,428

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		<u> </u>	
	General	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,374,681	\$ -	\$ 1,374,681
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,328,653	~	4,328,653
Receivables, net:			
Taxes	100,739	-	100,739
Due from other governments	308,223	_	308,223
Due from other funds	-		_
Other	92,819	_	92,819
Total assets	 6,205,115	_	6,205,115
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	98,312	-	98,312
Due to other funds	179,499	_	179,499
	 277,811	_	277,811
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes and tags receivable	100,739	-	100,739
Total deferred inflows of resources	 100,739	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100,739
FUND BALANCES Restricted	·		
Stabilization by State Statute	401,042	**	401,042
Streets	199,885	_	199,885
All other	3,534,273		3,534,273
Reserved for USDA	48,167		48,167
Economic Development	562,577	-	562,577
Unassigned	 1,080,621	<u> </u>	1,080,621
Total fund balances	 5,826,565	-	5,826,565
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 6,205,115	\$ -	

# City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Ma	jor Funds		
				Total
			Total Non-Major	Governmental
	Ge	neral Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$	2,432,451	\$	\$ 2,432,451
Other taxes and licenses		41,386		41,386
Unrestricted intergovernmental		1,261,377		1,261,377
Restricted intergovernmental		177,371		177,371
Permits and fees		14,030		14,030
Sales and services		770,584		770,584
Investment earnings		1,463		1,463
Grant revenue				-
Miscellaneous		219,550		219,550
Total revenues		4,918,212	-	4,918,212
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administration		659,145		659,145
Economic development		178,008	120,406	298,414
Police		1,605,507	120, 100	1,605,507
Fire		970,465		970,465
Public works		108,085		108,085
Streets		190,120		190,120
Powell Bill		191,194		191,194
Sanitation		700,956		700,956
Recreation		281,053		281,053
Cemetary		61,009		61,009
Total expenditures		4,945,542	120,406	5,065,948
Evene (deficiency) of many				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(07.000)	(100.100)	/
over expenditures		(27,330)	(120,406)	(147,736)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Bond proceeds		3,300,000		3,300,000
Bond premium		353,138		353,138
		3,653,138		3,653,138
Net changes in fund balance		3,625,808	(120,406)	3,505,402
Fund balances, beginning		2,200,757	120,406	2,321,163
Fund balances, ending	\$	5,826,565	_\$ -	\$ 5,826,565

\$ (519,380)

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$3,505,402
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period  Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ 289,489 (418,224)	
Loss on disposal of assets	(41,567)	(170,302)
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds are reported as other financing resources in governmental funds		(3,300,000)
Premium on bonds issued reported as other financing resources in governmental funds		(353,138)
Bond issuance costs expensed as legal costs		(124,257)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal payments on long-term debt Decrease in accrued interest payable	88,619 (7,190)	81,429
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Compensated absences Pension expense OPEB plan expense	10,303 (96,205) (72,612)	/150 F1 <i>A</i> \
Or ED han evheuse	(12,012)	(158,514)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total changes in net position of governmental activities

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina General Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				General Fu	nd	
	Original		Einal	Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget - Positive
Payanuas	Original		Final	Amounts		Negative)
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,230,500	\$	2,230,500	\$ 2,432,451	\$	201.051
Other taxes and licenses		Ф			Ф	201,951
	136,600 1,197,782		136,600	41,386		(95,214)
Unrestricted intergovernmental			1,197,782	1,261,377 177,371		63,595
Restricted intergovernmental Permits and fees	216,500		216,500			(39,129)
	7,000		7,000	14,030		7,030
Sales and services	753,720		753,720	770,584		16,864
Investment earnings	35,400		35,400	1,463		(33,937)
Miscellaneous	493,510		561,405	219,550		(341,855)
Total revenues	5,071,012		5,138,907	4,918,212		(220,695)
Expenditures: Current:						
Administration	507,430		507,430	659,145		(151,715)
Economic development	74,520		120,665	178,008		(151,713)
Police	1,662,550		1,662,550	1,605,507		(57,343) 57,043
Fire	1,182,684		1,197,684	970,465		
Public works				· ·		227,219
	113,820		113,820	108,085		5,735
Streets	278,263		278,263	190,120		88,143
Powell Bill	287,710		287,710	191,194		96,516
Sanitation	653,450		653,450	700,956		(47,506)
Recreation	225,010		235,510	281,053		(45,543)
Cemetary	85,575		81,825	61,009		20,816
Total expenditures	5,071,012		5,138,907	4,945,542		193,365
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-		-	(27,330)		(27,330)
Other financing resources:						
Bond proceeds				3,300,000		3,300,000
Bond premium				353,138		353,138
·				3,653,138		3,653,138
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	P+	3,625,808	\$	3,625,808
Fund balances, beginning				2,200,757		
Fund balances, ending				\$ 5,826,565	=	

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds Water and					
	Fla	ctric Fund		vvater and Sewer Fund		Total
ASSETS		ctio i alla		ewel i dila		TOTAL
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,060,678	\$	718,449	\$	3,779,127
Accounts receivable (net)		1,099,967		495,621		1,595,588
Other receivables				3,090		3,090
Inventories		298,996		71,949		370,945
Prepaid expenses		18,427				18,427
Due from other funds		146,166		33,333		179,499
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		192,582		5,872,639		6,065,221
Total current assets		4,816,816		7,195,081		12,011,897
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land and other non-depreciable assets				102,929		102,929
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,534,607		10,768,505		12,303,112
Capital assets (net)		1,534,607		10,871,434		12,406,041
Total noncurrent assets		1,534,607		10,871,434		12,406,041
Total assets	\$	6,351,423	\$	18,066,515	\$	24,417,938
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						•
Pension deferrals	\$	141,496	\$	215,660	\$	357,156
OPEB deferrals	Ψ	31,289	Ψ	50,890	Ψ	82,179
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	172,785	\$	266,550	\$	439,335
LIABILITIES		- Wattaller				
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued						
liabilities		447,972		111,910		559,882
Accrued interest payable		447,372		13,512		13,512
Compensated absences -				10,512		10,012
current		34,363		43,900		78,263
Emergency water loan - current		0.,000		64,436		64,436
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				0.,100		01,100
Customer deposits		155,104		76,297		231,401
Total current liabilities		637,439		310,055		947,494
Niewennesse Heleffelder		··············				
Noncurrent liabilities:		000.050		101 007		300.045
Other post employment benefits		302,058		491,287		793,345
Net pension liability		207,889		321,389		529,278
General obligation bonds payable Premium on bonds payable				5,400,000		5,400,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	509,947		544,381		544,381
Total liabilities		1,147,386		6,757,057 7,067,112		7,267,004 8,214,498
rotar habilities		1,147,300		7,007,112		0,214,490
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals		949		1,101		2,050
OPEB deferrals		11,873		19,312		31,185
Total rent income				374,442		374,442
Total deferred inflows of resources		12,822		394,855		407,677
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,534,607		10,806,998		12,341,605
Restricted - rate stabilization		37,478		-		37,478
Unrestricted		3,791,915		64,100		3,856,015
Total net position	\$	5,364,000	\$	10,871,098		16,235,098

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds					
				Water and		
	Ele	ctric Fund	<u></u> S	ewer Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES					_	
Charges for services	\$	6,159,062	\$		\$	8,441,335
Water and sewer taps				48,150		48,150
Other operating revenues		1,022,528		36,321		1,058,849
Total operating revenues		7,181,590		2,366,744		9,548,334
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and benefits		779,016		641,665		1,420,681
Other operating expenses	1,116,231		520,978		1,637,209	
Electric power purchases		3,895,199		•		3,895,199
Water treatment and distribution				719,411		719,411
Waste collection and treatment				496,830		496,830
Depreciation		244,281		582,798		827,079
Total operating expenses		6,034,727		2,961,682		8,996,409
Operating income (loss)		1,146,863		(594,938)		551,925
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXP	ENSES	3)				
Investment earnings		777		773		1,550
Grant and donation revenue		5,000				5,000
Other	(16,667)		(1,151)		(17,818)	
Interest and other charges				(16,630)		(16,630)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	<b></b>	(10,890)	·	(17,008)		(27,898)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		1,135,973		(611,946)		524,027
Transfers to other funds				-		<b>L</b> .
Change in net position		1,135,973		(611,946)		524,027
Total net position, beginning		4,228,027		11,483,044		15,711,071
Total net position, ending	\$	5,364,000	\$	10,871,098	<u>\$</u>	16,235,098

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds			
	Water and			
	Electric	Sewer		
	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 7,031,607	\$ 2,361,974	\$ 9,393,581	
Cash paid for goods and services	(5,035,412)	(1,385,941)	(6,421,353)	
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services	(727,618)	(629,743)	(1,357,361)	
Customer deposits received	, ,	5,645	5,645	
Customer deposits returned	(4,360)		(4,360)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,264,217	351,935	1,616,152	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			<del></del>	
Increase in due from other funds	33,333	33,333	66,666	
Total cash flows from noncapital financing activities	33,333	33,333	66,666	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(46,006)	(45,000)	(91,006)	
Installment principal payments	, ,	(64,435)	(64,435)	
Interest paid on debt		(17,05 <b>1</b> )	(17,051)	
Bond proceeds		5,400,000	5,400,000	
Bond premium		353,138	353,138	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing				
activities	(46,006)	5,626,652	5,580,646	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Increase in Electric Rate Stabilization	8		8	
Donations	5,000		5,000	
Interest and dividends	777	773	1,550	
	5,785	773	6,558	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,257,329	6,012,693	7,270,022	
Balances, beginning	1,995,931	578,395	2,574,326	
Balances, ending	\$ 3,253,260	\$ 6,591,088	\$ 9,844,348	

(continued)

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Major Enterprise Funds				
	Water and				
	Electric	Sewer			
	Fund	Fund	Total		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities					
Operating income	\$ 1,146,863	\$ (390,915)	\$ 755,948		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	<b>244</b> ,281	582,798	827,079		
Loss on disposal of asset	•	16,667	16,667		
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities:		,	,		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(117,939)	13,598	(104,341)		
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	1,289	(150)	1,139		
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	,	15,115	15,115		
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(16,698)	110,842	94,144		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(3,031)	,	(3,031)		
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	(33,333)	(33,333)	(66,666)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources -	(00,000)	(50,550)	(55,555)		
pensions	(29,097)	(46,861)	(75,958)		
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources -	(,,	(, /	(, -,,		
OPEB	(25,902)	(42,253)	(68,155)		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	47,878	77,871	125,749		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources -	11,010	11,071	120,110		
pensions	(508)	(826)	(1,334)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources -	(000)	(020)	( ),00 1)		
OPEB	(3,845)	(5,888)	(9,733)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources -	(-,,	(-,)	(0).007		
prepaid rents		(9,114)	(9,114)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued		(-),,,,	(-,)		
liabilities	23,974	56,769	80,743		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(4,360)	5,645	1,285		
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	(4,345)	(67,557)	(71,902)		
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	38,990	69,527	108,517		
Total adjustments	117,354	742,850	860,204		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,264,217	\$ 351,935	\$ 1,616,152		

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Cherryville and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cherryville is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

#### City of Cherryville ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at City of Cherryville ABC Board, 112-A N Cherry Street, Cherryville, NC 28021.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation services, and general government services.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Grant Project Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account for grant funds that are restricted for use for a particular purpose.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

**Electric Fund.** This fund is used to account for the City's electric operations.

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Cherryville because the tax is levied by Gaston County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

#### D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Grant Projects Special Revenue Fund and the Enterprise Capital Projects Funds. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change departmental appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The City and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of twelve months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4

#### City of Cherryville Restricted Cash

Governemental Activities

~ 1	1 - 1
General	ריתוו⊾ו
CICIOLAI	

General Fund	
Streets	\$ 199,885
Cemetary	31,918
Bonds	3,534,273
Economic Development	562,577
Total governmental activities	<u>\$4,328,653</u>
Business-type activities	
Electric Fund	
Customer deposits	\$ 155,104
Rate stabilization fund	37,478
Water and Sewer Fund	
Bonds	5,796,343
Customer deposits	76,296
Total business-type activities	\$6,065,221
Total Restricted Cash	\$10,393,874

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1<sup>st</sup>, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1<sup>st</sup> (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6<sup>th</sup>. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020.

#### 5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### 6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the City and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market.

The inventories of the City's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

#### 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; equipment and furniture, \$5,000; vehicles \$10,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Improvements	25
Vehicles	6
Furniture and equipment	10
Computer equipment	3

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	40
Furniture and equipment	7

### 8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, unearned rents, and pension deferrals.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received or not, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year is considered to be immaterial; thus no current liability is reflected in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

### 11. Net Position/Fund Balances

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

### Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid items - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of City of Cherryville's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that City of Cherryville intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$2,500.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Cherryville has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the City.

### 12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Cherryville's employer contributions are recognized when due and the City of Cherryville has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Assets

### 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's and the ABC Board's agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2021, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,242,993 and a bank balance of \$2,480,845. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2021, the City's cash change funds totaled \$600. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$316,130 and the bank balance was \$312,864. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or by the collateral held under the pooling method. The ABC Board has cash on hand of \$2,300.

### 2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the City of Cherryville had \$13,307,089 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. The City and the ABC Board have no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. The City and the ABC Board have no formal policy regarding credit risk.

### 3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

General Fund:

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Taxes receivable	\$ 2,056
Accounts receivable	1,141
Total General Fund	3,197
Enterprise Funds	15,814

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### 4. Capital Assets

### **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	eginning Balances	Iı	ncreases	D	ecreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 862,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 862,700
Idle asset	50,000				50,000	-
Construction in progress			_			_
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 912,700		-		50,000	862,700
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Other improvements	1,511,679					1,511,679
Buildings	6,394,968		-		10,500	6,384,468
Equipment	884,424		336,988			1,221,412
Vehicles and motorized equipment	2,966,044		9,615			2,975,659
Infrastructure	 667,577		_			 667,577
Total capital assets being depreciated	12,424,692		346,603		10,500	12,760,795
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Other improvements	206,620		34,053			240,673
Buildings	4,125,504		80,094		3,471	4,202,127
Equipment	592,856		97,938			690,794
Vehicles and motorized equipment	2,470,866		184,980			2,655,846
Infrastructure	498,517		21,159			519,676
Total accumulated depreciation	7,894,363		418,224		3,471	8,309,116
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,530,329	_				 4,451,679
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 5,443,029	=				\$ 5,314,379

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government \$ 15,056 Public safety 150,979

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

99,119

77,790

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Transportation

Environmental protection

Cultural and recreational Cemetery		72,353 2,927						
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4	18,224						
		ginning	Ī.		De	200000		Ending alances
The state of the s	В	alances	II	icreases		ecreases	<u>. D</u>	alances
Business-type activities:  Electric Fund								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Idle asset	\$	50,000	\$		\$	50,000	\$	_
Construction in progress	Ψ	50,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	50,000	Ψ	_
Total assets not being depreciated		50,000				50,000		<del></del>
Capital assets being depreciated:		20,000			•	20,000	<del>-</del>	
Substations, lines, and related equipment	2	,906,775		2,138			2	,908,913
Furniture and equipment		474,480		_,				474,480
Vehicles and motorized equipment	1	,002,214		43,868			1	,046,082
Computer equipment		69,147		,				69,147
Total capital assets being depreciated	4	,452,616		46,006		-	4	,498,622
Less accumulated depreciation for:		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Substations, lines, and related equipment	2	2,022,891		66,172			2	2,089,063
Furniture and equipment		134,653		68,935				203,588
Vehicles and motorized equipment		525,052		102,858				627,910
Computer equipment		37,138		6,316				43,454
Total accumulated depreciation	2	2,719,734	\$	244,281	\$	-	. 2	2,964,015
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		,732,882					1	,534,607
Electric fund capital assets, net	\$ 1	,782,882	•				\$ 1	,534,607
Water and Sewer Fund								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	102,929	\$		\$		\$	102,929
ldle asset		50,000		_		50,000		
Total capital assets not being depreciated		152,929		_		50,000		102,929

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant and distribution systems	21,390,465	45,000		21,435,465
Furniture and equipment	779,003			779,003
Vehicles and motorized equipment	170,006			170,006
Computer equipment	79,996			79,996
Total capital assets being depreciated	22,419,470	45,000	-	22,464,470
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution systems	10,674,974	456,973		11,131,947
Furniture and equipment	231,375	110,371		341,746
Vehicles and motorized equipment	156,966	7,645		164,611
Computer equipment	49,852	7,809		57,661
Total accumulated depreciation	11,113,167	582,798	-	11,695,965
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,306,303			10,768,505
Water and Sewer fund capital assets, net	11,459,232			10,871,434
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,242,114			\$ 12,406,041

### Discretely presented component unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets, non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 77,084			\$ 77,084
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	222,794			222,794
Furniture and equipment	98,724	23,494	10,637	111,581
Total	321,518	23,494	10,637	334,375
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	182,080	5,570		187,650
Furniture and equipment	90,335	3,900	8,044	86,191
Total	272,415	9,470	8,044	273,841
ABC capital assets, net of depreciation	49,103			60,534
Total capital assets, net of depreciation				<u>\$137,618</u>

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### 5. Idle Asset

The City purchased property formerly used as a bank on June 8, 2006. This property adjoins the property owned by the City currently used as City Hall. The intent at the time of purchase was to renovate and up-fit the property for use as the City Hall. These plans were abandoned in the years since the purchase. The City had no intended use for the property and placed the property up for sale. The original cost of the property was \$331,010. During the current fiscal year, the property sold for \$150,000.

### B. Liabilities

### 1. Pension Plan Obligations

### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Cherryville is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Cherryville employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Cherryville's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Cherryville were \$327,725 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$1,330,744 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the City's proportion was 0.03724%, which was a decrease of 0.00006% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$472,389. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Inf	lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 168,050	\$	-
Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings	99,033		-
on pension plan investments	187,267		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City	45.040		2.052
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45,042		3,852
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 327,725		
Total	\$ 827,117	\$	3,852

\$327,725 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 139,887
2023	185,048
2024	115,183
2025	55,421
2026	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 495,539

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The projected long-term investment returns, and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	e 2.600.024	f 1220744	Ф 100 950
pension nability (asset)	\$ 2,699,934	\$ 1,330,744	\$ 192,850

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

### b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

### 1. Plan Description.

The City of Cherryville administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

All full-time City law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	14
Total	15

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

### 3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent			
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and			
	productivity factor			
Discount rate	1.93 percent			

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### 4. Contributions.

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$5,310 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a total pension liability of \$490,232. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$37,641.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	27,204	\$	77,427
Changes of assumptions		155,105		9,879
County benefit payments and plan administrative				
expense made subsequent to the measurement date		4,595		
Total	\$	186,904	\$	87,306

\$4,595 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 9,977
2023	10,301
2024	10,410
2025	20,424
2026	29,951
Thereafter	13,940

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Increase
	(	0.93%)	(	1.93%)	. (	2.93%)
Total pension liability	\$	538,330	\$	490,232	\$	446,046

### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 272,156
Service Cost	18,878
Interest on the total pension liability	8,786
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	32,186
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	163,536
Benefit payments	(5,310)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 490,232

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

### Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

Pension Expense Pension Liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	LGERS \$ 472,389 1,330,744 0.03724%	LEOSSA \$ 37,641 490,232 n/a	Total \$ 510,030 1,820,976
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	168,050	27,204	195,254
Changes of assumptions	99,033	155,105	254,138
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	107.267		107.047
plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	187,267	-	187,267
contributions and proportionate share of contributions  Benefit payments and administrative costs paid	45,042	-	45,042
subsequent to the measurement date	327,725	4,595	332,320
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	77,427	77,427
Changes of assumptions	_	9,879	9,879
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments	-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,852	-	3,852

### c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The City made contributions of \$47,090 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

d. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Employees Other Than Law Enforcement

*Plan Description*. All full-time employees of the City can elect to participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution plan.

Funding Policy. The City voluntarily contributes each month an amount equal to five percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately.

The City made contributions of \$111,897 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### e. Other Postemployment Benefit

### Healthcare Benefits

*Plan Description*. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and 25 years of creditable service with the City. Also, the City's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. The City pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers. Retirees who qualify for coverage receive the same benefits as active employees. Coverage ceases for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare at age 65. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation.

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees receiving benefits	4	0
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet		
receiving benefits	0	0
Active plan members	53	14
Total	57	14

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,969,088 was measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date) based on data, assumptions, and results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 (valuation date).

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.5 - 7.75 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	2.21 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	•
Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.50 percent by 2026

The discount rate is based on the yield of the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date.

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OP	EB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	1,702,704
Changes for the year		
Service cost		60,651
Interest		60,762
Changes of benefit terms		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(104)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		200,140
Benefit payments		(55,065)
Net changes		266,384
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	1,969,088

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.50% to 2.21%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Rate (2.21%)	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,141,073	\$ 1,969,088	\$ 1,811,882	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1%		1%
	]	Decrease	Current	 Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,758,147	\$ 1,969,088	\$ 2,215,118

### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$128,017. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	Peferred atflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payment and administrative costs made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	105 203,863	\$	18,518 58,884
	\$	203,968	\$	77,402

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2022	\$ 6,604
2023	6,604
2024	14,518
2025	24,611
2026	27,809
Thereafter	46,420

### 2. Other Employment Benefits

The City has elected to provide death benefits to law enforcement officers through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those officers who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the officer's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the City, the City does not determine the number of eligible participants. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between contributions. the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The City has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	 Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 327,725
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for LEOSSA made	
subsequent to measurement date	4,595
Differences between expected and actual experience	195,359
Changes in assumptions	458,001
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	
investments	187,267
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45,042
Total	\$ 1,217,989

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Statem	ent of Net	Gei	neral Fund
	Po	sition	Bal	ance Sheet
Taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$	-	\$	118,978
Prepaid rent income (Water and Sewer Fund)		374,442		-
Changes in assumptions		68,763		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		95,944		
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		3,852		
Total	\$	543,001	\$	118,978

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### 3. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Excess insurance coverage is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large workers' compensation claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Medical stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the City upon request.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City does not carry flood insurance because the City and its major properties are not in a flood plain as mapped by the State of North Carolina.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance director is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond.

### 4. Long-Term Obligations

### a. General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds

In June of 2021, the City sold and issued \$8,700,000 of General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds. The bonds were issued under an approved bond order of the City Council dated July 13, 2020, separating general obligation amounts for Downtown Improvements of \$3,300,000 and Water and Sewer Improvements of \$5,400,000.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The City's general obligation bonds serviced by the governmental funds are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The general obligation bonds issued to finance water and sewer improvements, which will be retired by its resources, are reported in the Water and Sewer Fund. All general obligations are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the City.

The bonds mature in 20 years, carrying an interest rate of 4% for the first 9 years and 2% for the remaining 11 years. The bonds were issued at a premium, \$353,138 for the downtown improvements and \$544,381 for the water and sewer improvements. The premiums will be amortized annually over the life of the bonds and the amortization will be recorded in the respective funds. Maturities for the bonds are scheduled as shown in the following table.

	Government	al A	ctivities	Business-type	e Activities
Year Ending	Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest
June 30					
2023	\$ 165,000	\$	92,400	\$ 195,000	\$ 145,200
2024	165,000		85,800	200,000	137,300
2025	165,000		79,200	210,000	129,100
2026	165,000		72,600	220,000	120,500
2027	165,000		66,000	230,000	111,500
2028-2032	825,000		232,650	1,275,000	413,750
2033-2037	825,000		123,750	1,460,000	235,300
2038-2042	825,000		41,250	1,610,000	81,800
Total	\$3,300,000	\$	793,650	\$5,400,000	\$1,374,450

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

In September of 2005 the City entered into an installment financing agreement for a water and sewer project. The agreement was for \$460,000 requiring annual payments of \$39,734 including interest at 3.79%. This installment loan was paid out in 2020. In June of 2006, the City entered into an installment agreement for \$325,000 to finance the purchase of a building to be used for a City Hall. Payments are \$21,667 annually plus interest at 4.12%. This installment loan was paid out in 2020. In March of 2007, the City entered into an installment agreement to construct a new fire station for \$2,450,000. Upon completion, the US Department of Agriculture funded \$1,500,000 of this agreement. The remainder will be payable \$32,759 semi-annually plus interest at 3.91% through April 2022. The US Department of Agriculture loan is payable \$80,070 annually including interest at 4.5% through April 2048.

The City received a loan for \$1,088,000 from the Division of Environmental Health for a water construction project. The project was completed and placed in service in prior years. The obligation calls for annual principal payments of \$64,436 plus interest paid semi-annually at a 2.42% interest rate.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Government	al A	ctivities	Business-typ	e Ac	tivities
Year Ending	Principal		Interest	Principal	ln	terest
June 30						<u> </u>
2022	\$ 115,230	\$	79,013	\$ 64,436	\$	780
2023	51,516		55,407			
2024	53,388		54,315			
2025	55,332		53,173			
2026-2030	119,037		246,857			
2031-2035	188,897		209,541			
2036-2040	235,400		163,038			
2041-2045	293,351		105,087			
2046-2048	330,714		32,869			
Total	\$1,442,865	\$	999,300	\$ 64,436	\$	780

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2021, the City of Cherryville had a legal debt margin of \$21,317,625. There were no authorized but unissued bonds at that date.

### b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	F	Beginning					Ending	Cur	rent Portion
Governmental activities:		Balance	Iı	ncreases	D	ecreases	Balance	0	f Balance
Installment purchase	\$	1,385,545	\$	145,950	\$	88,630	\$ 1,442,865	\$	115,230
Compensated absences		186,810				10,302	176,508		176,508
Total OPEB liability		1,017,876		157,866			1,175,742		
Net pension liability (LGERS)		615,105		186,361			801,466		
Total pension obligation (LEO)		272,156		218,076			490,232		
Governmental activity long-term									
liabilities	\$	3,477,492	\$	708,253	\$	98,932	\$ 4,086,813	\$	291,738
Business-type activities:									
Installment purchase	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	
Emergency Water Loan		128,872		_		64,436	64,436		64,436
Total OPEB liability		684,828		108,517			793,345		
Net pension liability (LGERS)		403,529		125,749			529,278		
Compensated absences		150,165				71,902	78,263		78,263
Bustiness-type activity long-term									
liabilities	\$	1,367,394	\$	234,266	\$	136,338	\$ 1,465,322	\$	142,699

### c. Interfund Balances and Activity

Balances due to / from other funds at June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Due to the Electric Fund for the allocation of costs from the:

General Fund \$146,166

Due to the Water and Sewer Fund for the allocation of costs from the:

General Fund \$33,333

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

### NOTE 2: DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

### d. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	<u>Governmental</u>	Business-type
Capital assets	\$ 5,314,379	\$ 12,406,041
Less: long-term debt	1,442,865	64,436
Add: unexpended debt proceeds		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,871,514	<u>\$ 12,341,605</u>

### e. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	
•	\$5,826,565
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	401,042
Streets-Powell Bill	199,885
Committed for USDA reserves	48,167
All other	3,534,273
Committed for Economic Development	562,577
Remaining Fund Balance	1,080,621

### f. Prepaid Rental Revenue

In August 2012, the City entered into an agreement with a private company to lease space on water tanks owned and utilized by the City's Water and Sewer Fund for a term of 50 years. The company paid a one-time, non-refundable advance payment in the amount of \$455,710. For the business-type activity statements, this revenue is recognized over the

### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

period it is earned (50 years) on a straight-line basis. The unearned balance,\$374,442 at June 30, 2021, is presented in the Business-type Activities and the Proprietary Funds Statements of Net Position as a deferred inflow of resources.

### NOTE 3: JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The City, in conjunction with eight counties and fifty other municipalities, established the Centralina Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The City paid membership fees of \$1,433 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The City, in conjunction with twenty other local governments, is a member of the North Carolina City Electric Agency (Electric Agency). The Electric Agency was formed to enable municipalities that own electric distribution systems to finance, construct, own, operate, and maintain generation and transmission facilities. Each participating government appoints one commissioner to the Electric Agency's governing board. The twenty-one members, who receive power from the Electric Agency, have signed power sales agreement to purchase a specified share of the power generated by the Electric Agency. Except for the power sales purchase requirements, no local government participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The City's purchases of power for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$3,895,199.

### NOTE 4: SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.



### City of Cherryville, North Carolina City of Cherryville's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years \*

## Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Cherraville's proportion of the net pension lightlity (asset)	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Charry when you populated on the het pension hability (asset) (%)	0.03724%	0.03730%	0.03724%	0.40450%	0.04355%	0.04310%	0.04162%
Cherryville's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) \$1,330,744 Cherryville's covered payroll \$3,154,404	\$ 1,330,744	\$ 1,018,634 \$ 2,772,834	\$ 883,460 \$ 2,733,573	\$ 617,964 \$ 2,733,573	\$ 924,279 \$ 2,683,416	\$ 193,433 \$ 2,717,483	\$ (245,454) \$ 2,605,003
Cherryville's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	42.19%	36.74%	32.32%	22.61%	34.44%	7.12%	( 9.42%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	88.61%	91.63%	94.18%	94.18%	91.47%	%60.86	102.64%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

City of Cherryville, North Carolina City of Cherryville's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years

# Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 327,725	\$ 271,744		\$ 233,727 \$ 211,397	\$ 201,755	\$ 186,693	\$ 184,508
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	327,725	271,744	233,727	211,397	201,755	186,693	184,508
Contribution deficiency (excess)	1 69-	\$	- &	\$	\$	\$	8
Cherryville's covered payroll	\$ 3,154,404	\$ 2,772,834	\$2,772,834 \$2,733,573		\$ 2,733,573 \$ 2,683,416	\$ 2,717,483	\$ 2,605,003
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.39%	10.15%	8.55%	7.73%	7.52%	6.87%	7.08%

City of Cherryville, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	₩	272,156 \$	275,549 \$	362,221 \$	323,129 \$	309,942
Service Cost		18,878	15,322	16,871	17,578	17,143
Interest on the total pension liability		8,786	6,933	11,362	12,372	10,970
Changes of benefit terms			1	1	1	1
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement						
of the total pension liability		32,186	(33,246)	(95,641)	(11,932)	ī
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		163,536	806'6	(13,954)	26,282	(9,616)
Benefit payments		(5,310)	(5,310)	(5,310)	(5,208)	(5,310)
Other changes		1	1	ı		1
Ending balance of the total pension liability	κ	490,232 \$	272,156 \$	275,549 \$	362,221 \$	323,129

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior year ending December 31.

City of Cherryville, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	ઝ	490,232 \$	272,156 \$	275,549 \$	362,221 \$	323,129
Covered payroll		720,047	621,821	591,973	613,686	599,059
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		%80.89	43.77%	46.55%	59.02%	53.94%

Notes to the schedules:

The City of Cherryville has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

City of Cherryville, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2021

Total OPEB Liability	2021	<u>2020</u>	2019	2018
Service cost Interest	60,651 60,762	60,422	62,630 55,650	67,975 47,165
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience	- (104)	(24.685)	198	- (320)
Changes of assumptions  Renefit navments	200,140 (55 065)	39,887	(50,172) (34,422)	(85,629)
Net change in total OPEB liability  Total OPEB liability - beginning	266,384	88,564	33,884	(2,333)
Total OPEB liability - ending	1,969,088	1,702,704	1,614,140	1,580,256
Covered payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	2,670,874 73.72%	2,670,874 63.75%	3,116,422 51.79%	2,564,819 61.61%

# Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Rate	2.21%	3.50%	3.89%	3.56%
Fiscal year	2021	2020	2019	2018



### City of Cherryville, North Carolina

### General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		ACCUMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND ACCUMENT	Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ \$	2,156,623 \$	
Vehicle taxes		262,575	
Penalties and interest Total	2,230,500	13,253 2,432,451	201,951
Total	2,230,300	2,432,431	201,951
Other taxes and licenses:			
Motor vehicle licenses		41,386	
Total	136,600	41,386	(95,214)
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes		810,591	
Gaston County hold harmless tax		20,514	
Utility franchise tax		365,183	
Beer and wine tax		25,089	
ABC profit distribution Total	1,197,782	40,000 1,261,377	63,595
lotai	1,197,702	1,201,377	03,595
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill allocation		172,910	
Solid waste disposal tax		4,461	
Total	216,500	177,371	(39,129)
5			
Permits and fees:		40.055	
Zoning permits Court fees		12,355	
Total	7,000	1,675 14,030	7.030
Total	7,000	14,030	7,030
Sales and services:			
Cemetary sales		86,266	
Yard waste fees		99,244	
Garbage late fees		4,173	
Fire protection charges		5,855	
Sanitary landfill fees		575,046	
Recreation department fees	753,720	770,584	16,864
Investment earnings:			
General Fund		1,324	
Interest earned-Powell Bill		139	
	35,400	1,463	(33,937)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

cont.

#### City of Cherryville, North Carolina General Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Miscellaneous:			
Rents and leases		8,729	
Other revenues	561,405	210,821 219,550	(341,855)
Total	501,405	219,550	(541,655)
Total revenues	5,138,907	4,918,212	(220,695)
Expenditures: Administration			
Governing board:			
Salaries and employee benefits		38,493	
Election expense			
Total	45,850	38,493	7,357
Administration;			
Salaries and employee benefits		155,510	
Professional services		19,399	
Other operating expenditures  Debt service		326,878 118,865	
Total	461,580	620,652	(159,072)
Total administration	507,430	659,145	(151,715)
Economic development:			
Salaries and employee benefits		62,928	
Grants		13,912	
Other operating expenditures		101,168	
Cherryville Main Street program Total economic development	120,665	178,008	(57,343)
Police:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,349,827	
Vehicle maintenance		37,306	
Other operating expenditures		208,759	
Capital outlay Total Police	1,662,550	9,615 1,605,507	57,043
Total Folice	1,002,000	1,000,007	37,043
Fire:		644.000	
Salaries and employee benefits  Maintenance		644,009 17,179	
Other operating expenditures		129,207	
Debt Service		150,070	
Capital outlay		30,000	
Total Fire	1,197,684	970,465	227,219
Public Works:			
Salaries and employee benefits		71,216	
Other operating expenditures		36,869	
Total Public Works	113,820	108,085	5,735

### City of Cherryville, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Ended June 30, 202  Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Streets:			
Salaries and employee benefits		116,253	
Maintenance		41,025	
Other operating expenditures		32,842	
Capital outlay			
Total Streets	278,263	190,120	88,143
Powell Bill:			
Salaries and employee benefits		62,971	
Maintenance		1,220	
Other operating expenditures		127,003	
Capital outlay Total Powell Bill	287,710	191,194	96,516
Total Powell bill	201,110	191,194	90,310
Sanitation:		007.045	
Salaries and employee benefits		367,315	
Other operating expenditues		54,808 117,705	
Tipping fees Capital outlay		117,795 161,038	
Total sanitation	653,450	700,956	(47,506)
Recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits		94,885	
Maintenance and repairs		70,831	
Other operating expenditues		115,337	
Debt service			
Total recreation	235,510	281,053	(45,543)
Cemetery:			
Salaries and employee benefits		8,302	
Contract services		51,200	
Other operating expenditures		1,507	50.015
Total Cemetery	81,825	61,009	20,816
Total expenditures	5,138,907	4,945,542	193,365
xcess of revenue over (under) expenditures		(27,330)	
Other financing sources:			
Bond proceeds		3,300,000	
Bond premium		353,138	
		3,653,138	
et change in fund balance	\$ -	3,625,808	\$ 3,625,808
und balances, beginning		2,200,757	
und balances, ending		\$ 5,826,565	

### City of Cherryville Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Assets	Grant Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Due from other funds		\$ -
Total assets	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	\$
Fund balances: Restricted Fire Grant		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ -	\$ -

## City of Cherryville, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund - Grant Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Project		Actual		Variance
	Author -	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive
	ization	Year	Year	Date	(Negative)
Revenues					
Revenues					
Fire Grant Project					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Fire Grant - Federal	\$1,660,187	\$ 1,660,187		\$ 1,660,187	\$ -
Fire Grant - Local	169,797	169,797		169,797	
	\$1,829,984	\$ 1,829,984	\$ -	\$ 1,829,984	
Expenditures Township Grant Project: Capital outlay					
Purchase of radios	1,829,984_	1,709,578_	120,406	1,829,984_	
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$ 120,406	(120,406)	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning			120,406		
Fund balance, ending			_\$		

### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Electric Fund

### Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

разлычног в основня виположенно за незадна учента рабобо брожно филосопия — разволоженной выбосня в него в основня выбосня в него	Pudgot	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	(ivegative)	
Operating revenues:				
Electric sales		\$ 6,035,991		
Other operating revenues		1,064,751		
	\$ 6,202,474	7,100,742	\$ 898,268	
Nonoperating revenues:				
Other		5,000		
Interest		777		
	1,250	5,777	4,527	
Total revenues	6,203,724	7,106,519	902,795	
Expenditures:				
Electric operations:				
Salaries and employee benefits		755,844		
Travel and training	777.000	7,254	44400	
Total	777,200	763,098	14,102	
Operating expenditures:				
Insurance		68,265		
System maintenance		208,303		
Vehicle maintenance Contract services		6,998 226,924		
Other operating expenditures		211,484		
Sales tax on electric sales		359,614		
Total	1,285,496	1,081,588	203,908	
Electrical power purchases	3,976,028	3,895,199	80,829	
Capital outlay:				
Equipment		46,006		
Total	165,000	46,006	118,994	
			-	
Total expenditures	6,203,724	5,785,891	417,833	
Revenues over expenditures	-	1,320,628	1,320,628 (cont.)	

### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Electric Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

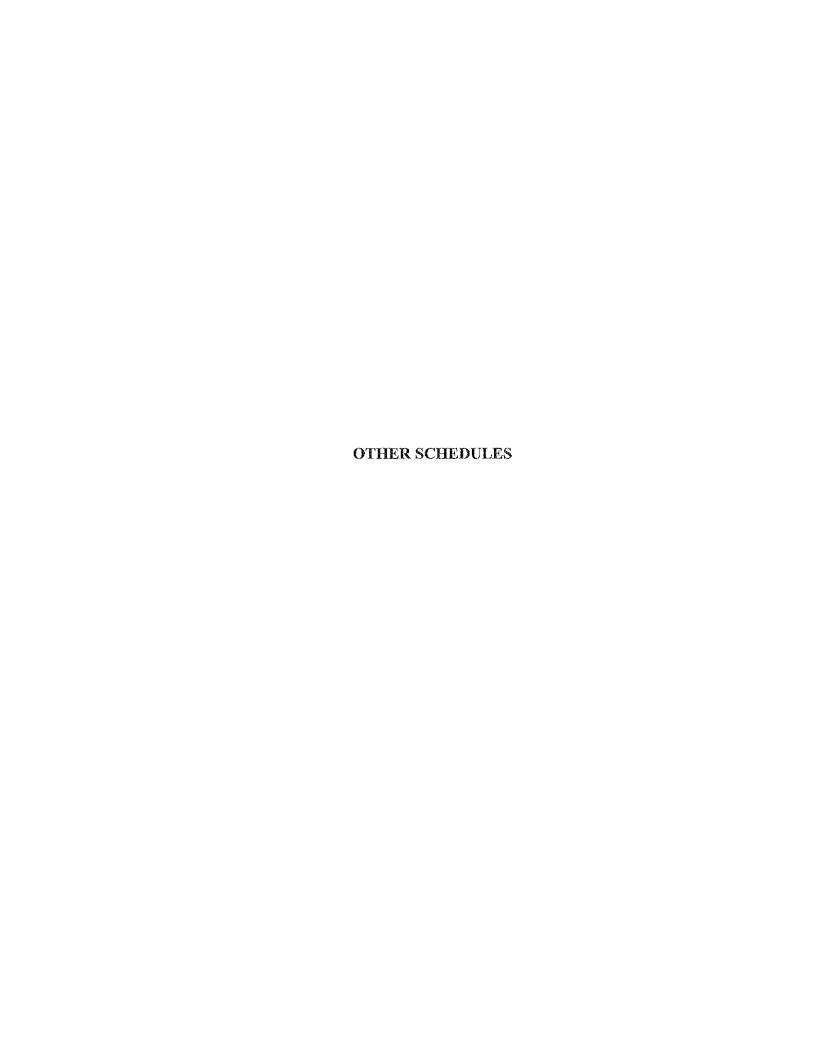
Kankis and delegative design of speciments and an account of the first SPA AN ACCOUNT AND ACCOUNT ACCOUNT ACCOUNT AND ACCOUNT	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures		\$ 1,320,628	\$ 1,320,628
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:			
Reconciling items:  Loss on disposal of fixed asset Capital outlays Depreciation Increase (decrease) in accrued revenu Decrease in accrued compensated abs Decrease in deferred outflows of resour Increase in deferred inflows of resour Increase in deferred outflows of resour Decrease in deferred outflows of resour Increase in deferred inflows of resour Decrease in deferred inflows of resour Increase in accrued OPEB Total	sences rces - pensions ces-pensions ces-OPEB	(16,667 46,006 (244,281 53,458 4,346 29,097 508 (47,878 25,901 3,845 (38,990 (184,655	
Change in net position		\$ 1,135,973	; =

### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

en e	and the second s		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Water sales		\$ 1,212,396	
Sewer charges		1,075,969	
Water and sewer taps		48,150	
Other operating revenues		36,322	
	\$ 2,403,750	2,372,837	\$ (30,913)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earnings		728	
Other		6,401	
	155,500	7,129	(148,371)
Total revenues	2,559,250	2,379,966	(179,284)
Expenditures:			
Water and sewer administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		613,339	
Travel and training		3,593	
Supplies		9,349	
Vehicle maintenance		9,030	
Insurance		60,595	
Other operating expenditures		233,532	
Debt service		67,555	101.007
	1,131,900	996,993_	134,907
Water treatment and distribution:		000 4770	
Salaries and employee benefits		382,472	
Chemicals		82,583	
Other operating expenditures		280,859	
Capital outlay - other improvements	862,000	45,000 790,914	71,086
Waste collection and treatment: Salaries and employee benefits		254,253	
Chemicals		7,905	
Supplies		5,379	
Other operating expenditures		247,104	
Capital outlay - equipment		2 (1,101	
Capital outlay - other improvements			
	565,350	514,641	50,709
			(cont.)

### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
Total expenditures	2,559,250	2,302,548		256,702
Revenues over(under) expenditures	14	77,418		77,418
Fund balance appropriated	Marine .	 		<u> </u>
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ -	\$ 77,418	\$	77,418
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:				
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses		\$ 77,418		
Reconciling items: Principal retirement Capital outlay Depreciation and amortization Loss on disposal of asset Increase in accrued revenues Interest on bond cash Bond costs expensed Increase in accrued interest payable Decrease in accrued compensated absend Decrease in deferred inflows of resources Decrease in deferred outflows of resources Increase in net pension liability Increase in deferred outflows of resources Decrease in deferred inflows of resources Increase in deferred inflows of resources Decrease in deferred inflows of resources Increase in deferred inflows of resources Increase in accrued OPEB Total reconciling items	- prepaid rents s-pensions -pensions -OPEB	67,555 45,000 (582,797) (16,667) 6,092 45 (220,179) (13,512) 67,557 9,114 46,860 826 (77,871) 42,253 5,888 (69,528) (689,364)		
Change in net position		\$ (611,946)		



### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year		Incollected Balance ne 30, 2020		Additions		Collections And Credits	 Uncollected Balance lune 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$		\$	2,401,123	\$	2,370,762	\$ 30,361
2019-2020		42,980				30,162	12,818
2018-2019		14,149				6,159	7,990
2017-2018		10,634				1,794	8,840
2016-2017		8,611				1,271	7,340
2015-2016		7,583				879	6,704
2014-2015		10,664				1,346	9,318
2013-2014		8,834		₩		1,079	7,755
2012-2013		8,150		****		699	7,451
2011-2012		4,379				161	4,218
2010-2011		3,891			_	3,891	 0
	\$	119,875	\$	2,401,123	\$	2,418,203	 102,795
		s: allowance for Seneral Fund	r uncolle	ctible accounts:			 2,056
	Ad	valorem taxes re	eceivable	e - net			\$ 100,739
	Rec	conciliation to re	venues:				
		valorem taxes -		Fund			\$ 2,432,451
		econciling items: Interest collecter					(13,253)
		interest collectel Prior year releas		adustments			(13,253) (995)
	•	i noi your rolous	unu t	24406110,160			(000)
		Subtotal					 (14,248)
	Tota	al collections an	d credits	3			\$ 2,418,203

### City of Cherryville, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy City - Wide Levy June 30, 2021

				Total Levy	
		City - Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property		Total	Motor	Motor
Original loves	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current rate	\$ 461,754,423	0.52	\$ 2,401,123	\$ 2,138,548	\$ 262,575
Net levy			2,401,123	2,138,548	262,575
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2021			30,361	30,361	
Current year's taxes collected			\$2,370,762	\$2,108,187	\$262,575
Current levy collection percentage			98.74%	98.58%	100.00%